From: Bernstein, Barbara [mailto:<u>Barbara.Bernstein@puc.nh.gov]</u> Sent: Monday, June 23, 2014 9:11 AM To: Stephen Hickey Subject: questions...

Steve,

Staff has reviewed MPM's most recent REC eligibility application submissions, and we have identified additional questions requiring clarification. Please respond by e-mail and we will have the e-mail response posted to the docket for each relevant application.

• MPM proposes an extrapolation methodology for determining the historical generation baseline of the Monadnock Dam over the statutory period of January 1, 1986 through December 31, 2005. Please clarify whether the 300 kW generation unit was in operation in any year(s) during the period from 1986-2013 and, if it was, during which time periods and with what estimated effect on the total generation of the MPM hydroelectric generators in such periods.

The 300 kW at Monadnock station was installed in 1979. The contribution of that unit to overall generation was not any different during the statutory period than during the period 2005-2013 which was presented. Data is unavailable for total project generation for the years 1986-2013, but specific to generation at Monadnock Station, data is only available for the years 2005-2013.

All of the available data is in the attached spreadsheet.

• There is an apparent discrepancy in the description of independent monitor Bill Short's meter reading and GIS reporting of the excess generation delivered into the PSNH system between the Class I application and the Class IV applications. Please clarify whether Mr. Short or PSNH would report this excess electric production to GIS.

PSNH would still report the net generation output of the three respective dams. There should be no change in the way that PSNH reads and reports the net generation meter from all of the dams.

Mr. Short intends to read the generation meters for each dam site as well as read the PSNII generation meter for the Monadnock dams. (The PSNH meter output can actually be accessed through the NEPOOL GIS). The difference between the sum of the generation meters for each dam and the PSNH meter will be power consumed behind the meter. Mr. Short would then calculate the percent of power consumed behind the meter attributed to each site by dividing gross generation at a particular dam site by the gross generation of all of the dam sites and then multiplying that number by the net generation number for all of the dams. These latter numbers Mr. Short would upload to each dam site's NON-account.

• How would the Class I generation be separated from the Class IV generation for each of the Monadnock Dam's GIS accounts?

The separation of Class I generation from Class IV generation would be a task performed by APX, operator of the NEPOOL GIS, and not by Mr. Short. In other

New England states, these PUCs give instruction to APX on how to split the production. Generally, these are fixed percentages of monthly production.

• How would the metered generation output of the three hydroelectric facilities be allocated and reported to each of the respective GIS accounts?

Mr. Short intends to read the generation meters for each dam site as well as read the PSNH generation meter for the Monadnock dams. (The PSNH meter output can actually be accessed through the NEPOOL GIS). The difference between the sum of the generation meters for each dam and the PSNH meter will be power consumed behind the meter. Mr. Short would then calculate the percent of power consumed behind the meter attributed to each site by dividing gross generation at a particular dam site by the gross generation of all of the dam sites and then multiplying that number by the net generation number for all of the dams. These latter numbers Mr. Short would upload to each dam site's NON-account.

An example may be helpful in this case:

Assume per dam generation is 200 MWh at Dam 1, 300 MWh at Dam 2 and 500 MWh at Dam 3 and PSNH meter generation of 400 MWh. Total generation is 1,000 MWh. Behind the meter generation is 600 MWh. Behind-the-Meter (BTM) Production for Dam 1 would be 120 MWh, for Dam 2 would be 180 MWh and for Dam 3 would be 300 MWh. Mr. Short would upload these latter quantities into the NON-accounts for the respective dams in the NEPOOL GIS.

• Please create and submit a table listing each of the three MPM hydroelectric facilities and its respective GIS facility codes and related nameplate capacities.

Spreadsheet attached

I look forward to hearing from you.

Barbara Bernstein Sustainable Energy Division NH Public Utilities Commission 21 South Fruit Street, Suite 10 Concord, NH 03301-2429

603-271-6011 Barbara.bernstein@puc.nh.gov

Monadnock Station Power Generation

	Estimated	%				
	Monadnock	Monadnock	Monadnock	Total		
	Station	Station	Station	Hydro	ir	√ear
	696364			5851800	1986	
8000000 6000000 4000000 2000000 0	638935			5369200	1987	
	704123			5917000	1988	
	686630			5770000	1989	
	755222			6346400	1990	
	658034			5529700	1991	
	464582			3904052	1992	
	424342			3565900	1993	
	523529			4399400	1994	
	569760			4787900	1995	
Base av 6504	553802			4653800	1996	
	448190			3766300	1997	
	578232			4859092	1998	
	519649			4366800	1999	
	569022			4781700	2000	
	415822			3494300	2001	
	537881			4520012	2002	
	650490			5466300	2003	
	772370			6490500	2004	
		8.9%	662700	7425700	2005	
		12.9%	932000	7224900	2006	
		14.5%	724600	5008100	2007	
		10.5%	691300	6566300	2008	
		13.3%	918000	6892900	2009	
r 3-4 months	Mill Wheel down	16.6%	532400	3202300	2010	
		11.5%	821200	7168900	2011	
11.		11.7%	574400	4922100	2012	
		18.3%	984100	5391500	2013	



Base average 650490

11.9%

MONADNOCK PAPER MILLS HYDROELECTRIC FACILITIES

Station Name	Plant-Unit Name Unit ID		Nameplate Capacity (MW)
Monadnock Power Station Dam	UNDER 1MW - Monadnock Power Station Dam	NON39968	0.425
Paper Mill Dam	UNDER 1MW - Paper Mill Dam	NON39969	0.750
Pierce Dam	UNDER 1MW - Pierce Dam	NON39971	0.770
Monadnock Paper Mills	UNDER 5MW - Monadnock Paper Mills	MSS915	1.945

Revised

Monadnock Station Power Generation

	Estimated	%			
	Monadnock	Monadnock	Monadnock	Total	
	Station	Station	Station	Hydro	Year
	696364			5851800	1986
	638935			5369200	1987
8000000	704123			5917000	1988
	686630			5770000	1989
	755222			6346400	1990
4000000	658034			5529700	1991
2000000	464582			3904052	1992
0+	424342			3565900	1993
986	523529			4399400	1994
	569760			4787900	1995
	553802			4653800	1996
	448190			3766300	1997
	578232			4859092	1998
	519649			4366800	1999
	569022			4781700	2000
	415822			3494300	2001
Base av	537881			4520012	2002
5914	650490			5466300	2003
	772370			6490500	2004
		8.9%	662700	7425700	2005
		12.9%	932080	7224900	2006
		14.5%	724600	5008100	2007
		10.5%	591300	6566300	2008
		13.3%	918000	6892900	2009
r 3-4 months	Mill Wheel down fo	16.6%	532400	3202300	2010
		11.5%	821200	7168900	2011
11.		11.7%	574400	4922100	2012
		18.3%	984100	5391500	2013



Base average

591484

11.9%



Power Flow From Project

P S Ν Η